

Temporary Mandatory Face Coverings Approach Municipal Comparative Information

REGIONAL:

Municipal Unit	Action Taken	Effective
Edmonton	Approved - Temporary Mandatory Face Coverings Bylaw 19408	August 1, 2020
Strathcona County	Mandatory – masking on transit and at all county-owned buildings	August 4, 2020
Leduc	Mandatory - masking on transit	August 1, 2020
Spruce Grove	Mandatory - masking on transit Preparing draft bylaw that includes options for a staged approach to potentially implement mandatory face coverings on August 17.	August 1, 2020
Beaumont	July 30 Special Council passed first reading for mandatory face coverings on transit and all municipally-owned facilities accessible to the public. Council to meet on August 10 to potentially pass the second and third readings needed to put the bylaw into action.	
Stony Plain	No plans as of July 31.	
Morinville	No plans as of July 31.	
Leduc County	No plans as of July 31.	
Red Deer	No plans as of July 31.	

PROVINCIAL:

Municipal Unit	Action Taken	Effective
Calgary	Mandatory - transit and all indoor public spaces.	August 1, 2020
Banff	Mandatory - indoor public spaces; outdoors along Banff Avenue.	July 31, 2020
Lethbridge	Mandatory - transit.	August 4, 2020
	Mandatory - for all publicly-accessible spaces in city-owned or operated indoor facilities.	August 7, 2020
Airdrie	No plans as of July 28. Directed administration to prepare bylaw that will be put in place should the city's case numbers rise. (50 per 100,000 to reconsider mandate)	
Okotoks	Passed 1 st and 2 nd reading on temporary face covering bylaw for transit and all municipal indoor spaces; final decision will be made on August 17. Administration further directed to prepare an additional bylaw to extend the mandatory wearing of masks to all indoor public places when case reach 15; as defined by AHS.	
Jasper	Approved -bylaw making face coverings compulsory in all indoor public places, on downtown sidewalks and in all outdoor public places were 2 m distancing is not possible.	August 4, 2020

Summary of Selected Bylaws

Edmonton – Temporary Mandatory Face Coverings Bylaw 19408

- All persons must wear face covering in all indoor, publicly accessible spaces including retail stores, entertainment venues, recreation centres, restaurants and vehicles for hire. Businesses may choose whether or not to deny service to those that do not comply with bylaw.
- Exemption
 - o Under age two
 - o Those Unable to place, use or remove a face covering without assistance
 - o With mental or physical concerns or limitations, or any other protected ground under the Alberta Human Rights Act, that prevent them from wearing a face covering
 - o Eating or drinking while seated in designated spaces or as part of a religious or spiritual ceremony
 - o Engaging in water activities or physical exercise
 - o Providing assistance or care to someone with a disability who would be hindered if the caregiver is wearing a face covering
 - o Engaging in services that require removal of the face covering
- Not applicable to
 - o Not applicable to schools or other educational facilities, hospitals, health care facilities, child care facilities or areas exclusively assessed or used by the Public Places employees or the operator of a public transportation vehicle providing that physical barriers or physical distancing practices are implemented between any person not required to wear a face covering
- Enforcement
 - o \$100 fine
 - o Violation ticket or require person to attend court without alternative of making a voluntary payment.
- Bylaw effective August 1, 2020 and expires December 31, 2020

Fort Saskatchewan – Mandatory Facial Covering Bylaw c29-20

- All persons shall wear a face covering at all times while in an indoor, enclosed, or substantially enclosed public place or in any Public Transportation Vehicle. Also, obstruction of a person in the exercise or performance of the person's powers and duties under bylaw
- Exemptions
 - o Children under 2
 - o Persons who are unable to place, use, or remove face coverings without assistance

- Persons providing care or assistance to a person with a disability where a face covering would hinder that caregiving or assistance
- Persons eating or drinking at designated seating areas or as part of a religious or spiritual ceremony
- Persons engaged in aquatic activities or physical exercise
- Persons who have temporarily removed their face coverings where it is necessary to do so in order to receive a service
- Not applicable to schools or other educational facilities, hospitals, health care facilities, child care facilities or areas exclusively assessed or used by the Public Places employees or the operator of a public transportation vehicle providing that physical barriers or physical distancing practices are implemented between any person not required to wear a face covering
- Enactment
 - When 10 or more cases of Covid-19 are reported by AHS in the community
 - Bylaw can be reverted if number of reported cases is less than 10 for 14 days or more
- Enforcement
 - Municipal tag or violation ticket under Provincial Offences Procedures Act (POPA)
 - May issue summons compelling court appearance
 - \$100 fine, \$200 fine for 2nd and subsequent offences
 - \$250 fine for obstructing/interfering with a person in the exercise or performance of the person's powers pursuant to bylaw, \$500 fine for 2nd or subsequent offences
- Bylaw was read three readings on August 4, 2020 and is in force until December 31, 2020.

St. Albert – Face Coverings Bylaw 32/2020

- A person must wear a face covering at all times while in a civic facility or on transit property
- Exemptions
 - Under the age of 2 years
 - Unable to place, use or remove a face covering without assistance
 - Unable to wear a face covering due to bona fide mental or physical condition, disability or limitation, or other grounds for protection from discrimination under the Alberta Human Rights Act.
 - Consuming food or drink while seated in a designated food and drink seating area or as part of a religious or spiritual ceremony
 - Engaged in swimming or other activities or engaged in physical exercise within an area designated for such activities

- Providing or receiving care or assistance for a bona fide mental or physical condition, disability or limitation and a face covering would have hindered providing or receiving that caregiving or assistance.
- A participant in a dance, theatrical or musical public performance, if all participants in the performance maintained at least 2 metres of physical distance from each other and did not enter the area where the public was viewing.
- A transit operator, if barriers were in place to create physical screening between the transit operator and passengers in the transit vehicle.
- Enforcement
 - Municipal tag or violation ticket
 - \$100 fine unless upon summary conviction \$10,000 fine or imprisonment of not more than one year
- Bylaw was read three readings on August 4th, 2020 and is in force when passed until December 31, 2020. Initially it was for transit and in city facilities but option 2 (all public facilities) was chosen.

Cochrane – Face Coverings Bylaw 20/2020

- A person must wear mask in public premise or a public vehicle unless the person is separated by other persons by an installed screen, shield or barrier
- Exemptions
 - Children under 5
 - Medical conditions or disability which inhibits their ability to wear a face covering
 - Persons eating or drinking at public premise that offers food or beverage service
 - Persons engaged in athletic or fitness activity
 - Persons caregiving or accompanying a person with disability where the wearing of a face covering would hinder the accommodation of the persons disability
 - Persons who have temporarily removed their face coverings where it is necessary to do so in order to receive a service
- Enactment
 - When 10 or more cases of Covid-19 are reported by AHS in the community
 - Bylaw can be reverted if number of reported cases is less than 10 for 14 days or more
- Enforcement
 - Violation ticket under POPA
 - May issue summons compelling court appearance
 - \$100 fine
- Bylaw read three readings on July 29, 2020 and is in force until February 1, 2021